Astragalus tegetarioides var. tegetarioides Fabaceae Deschutes milkvetch



Bill Hopkins

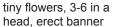


Gerald D. Carr













fruit a pubescent, one-seeded pod





IIIUstration by Jeanne K. Janish. VASCULAR PLANTS OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST (1961) Hitchcock, Cronquist, & Ownbey, courtesy of University of Washington Press.

Plant is cespitose perennial, prostrate, with many-branched stems 2-5 cm tall, forming dense rounded mats. Whole plant silvery-colored, with appressed, wavy or curly hairs. Leaves compound, 2-4cm long, petiole nearly equal to blade, with (5) 7-11, obovate to cuneate loosely folded leaflets. Inflorescence horizontal, 3-6 flowers in a head, calyx bell-shaped, grayish-pubescent, banner purple striped and erect. Fruit usually a one-seeded pod, 4-6mm long, gravish pubescent.

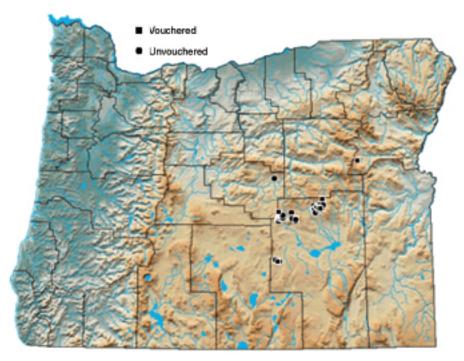
Lookalikes Astragalus

Gerald D. Carr

differs from featured plant by The prostrate habit and tiny flowers of A. tegetarioides distinguish it from other Astragalus species.

Astragalus tegetarioides M.E. Jones var. tegetarioides

Deschutes milkvetch PLANTS symbol: ASTE4 *August 2019 status* Oregon:C; ORBIC: List 1



Distribution: Eastern Oregon: Harney, Deschutes and Grant Counties

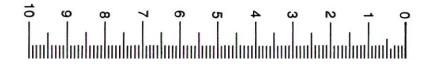
Habitat: Dry sandy soil, in Ponderosa pine forests.

Elevation: 1300-1700 m

Best survey time (in flower): Late May-Late August

Associated species:

Artemisia tridentata (Big sagebrush) Artemisia arbuscula (Little sagebrush) Elymus elymoides (Squirreltail) Epilobium brachycarpum (Tall annual willowherb, Autumn willowherb) Eriophyllum lanatum (Common woolly sunflower) Juniperus occidentalis (Western juniper) Pinus ponderosa (Ponderosa pine)







Oregon Flora https://oregonflora.org Published August 2019