Calochortus howellii Liliaceae

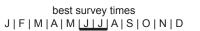
Howell's mariposa lily

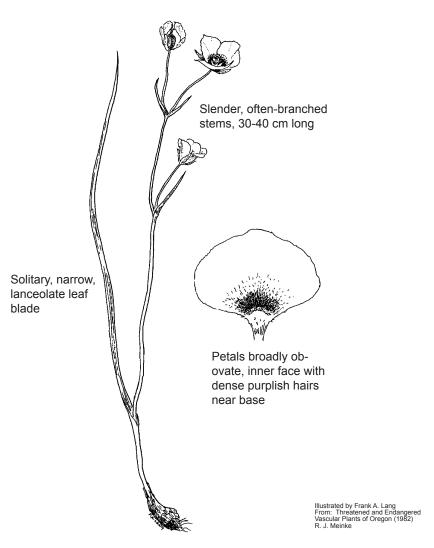












Erect, perennial herb arising from a bulb. Stems slender, often branched, 30-40 cm long. Leaf solitary, narrowly lanceolate, attenuate, equaling or occasionally surpassing the stem, 5-10 mm wide, tormentose on inner surface. Inflorescence subumbellate, 1-3 flowered; bracts 2, 1-4 cm long; pedicels 5-10 cm long. Flowers campanulate; petals creamy or greenish, about 2.5 cm long, broadly obovate, cuneate, apex erose-denticulate; outer petal face glabrous; inner petal face with dense purplish hairs toward base, increasingly sparse white hairs on upper half; gland slightly depressed; sepals 16-20mm long, acuminate. Fruit a capsule, about 2 mm long, erect, elliptic, base and apex acute, 3-winged.

Lookalikes differs from featured plant by

Calochortus tolmiei its smaller pale lilac petals and a densely hairy inner petal

face throughout.

Calochortus umpquaensis its unbranched stem, pendent capsules, and dark purple-

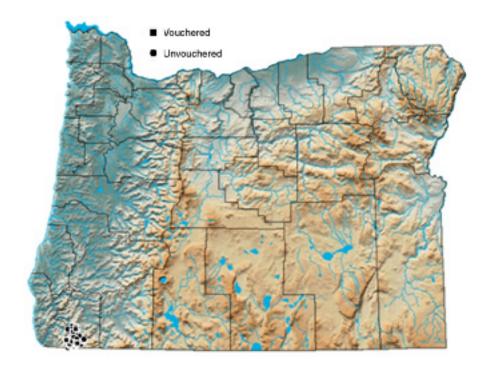
black petal tissue above gland.

Calochortus uniflorus its much shorter habit and growth in wetter soils.

Calochortus howellii S. Watson

Howell's mariposa lily PLANTS symbol: CAHO11

August 2019 status Oregon:LT; ORBIC: List 1



 $\textbf{Distribution:} \ \ \textbf{The Illinois River Valley, Josephine Co.}$

Habitat: Dry, rocky, serpentine outcrops.

Elevation: 300—800 m

Best survey time (in flower): June – July

Associated species:

Pinus jeffreyi (Jeffrey pine) Quercus vacciniifolia (Huckleberry oak) Allium falcifolium (Scytheleaf onion) Balsamorhiza sericea (silky balsamroot)





